

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION I: CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT IDENTITY: Acid Gel, Battery Electrolyte - LST, LXT EMERGENCY: (610) 828-9309	MANUFACTURER NAME: C & D Technologies, Inc. ADDRESS: 1400 Union Meeting Road P. O. Box 3053 Blue Bell, PA 19422-0858 TELEPHONE: (215) 619-2700
24 HOUR EMERGENCY TELEPHONE: (CHEM TEL) 1-800-255-3924	

SECTION II: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

HAZARDOUS COMPONENT	CAS#	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	% BY WEIGHT
*SULFURIC ACID	7664-93-9	1.0mg/ m3	1.0mg/ m3	33-36%
SILICA, AMORPHOUS(fumed)	7631-86-9	10mg/m3	10mg/m3 5mg/m3 (RESP)	28-29%
NON-HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS				
Water	7732-18-5	N/A	N/A	36-38%
SECTION 313 (40 CFR 372) LISTED TOXIC CHEMICALS ARE PRECEDED BY AN *.				

SECTION III: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

APPEARANCE AND ODOR: Liquid, Colorless, Oily Fluid, Vapors are Colorless; Acrid Odor when Hot or Charging	RATING CODES	0=Insignificant	1=Slight	2=Moderate
			4=Extreme	3=High
	HMIS RATING:	Health: 2	Flammability: 0	
		Other: 0	Reactivity: 1	
	NFPA RATING:	Health: 2	Flammability: 0	
	Other: CORR	Reactivity: 1		
ROUTES OF ENTRY: Inhalation X Skin X Ingestion X				
HEALTH HAZARDS (ACUTE AND CHRONIC):				
ACUTE: Tissue destruction on contact. May cause 2nd and 3rd degree burns or blindness with prolonged contact. Ingestion will cause corrosive burns on contact. May be fatal if swallowed. Respiratory disorders may be aggravated by prolonged inhalation of mists.				
CHRONIC: Inhalation of mists may cause upper respiratory irritation and pulmonary edema.				
SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE: Irritation or burning of exposed tissues.				
MEDICAL CONDITIONS GENERALLY AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE: Respiratory disorders may be aggravated by prolonged inhalation of mists.				

SECTION IV: FIRST AID MEASURES	
EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES:	
SKIN / EYES	INGESTION
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Flush with water for 15 minutes • Remove contaminated clothing • If irritation continues, seek medical attention 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do not induce vomiting • Drink large quantities of milk or water • Give CPR if breathing has stopped • Seek medical attention immediately

SECTION V: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES			
FIRE AND EXPLOSIVE PROPERTIES:			
Flash Point: N/A	Flammable Limits (as H₂ gas):	LEL: 4%	UEL: 74%
UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Hydrogen gas may be present. Hydrogen gas and acid mist is generated upon overcharge or in fire. Ventilate area.			
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Class ABC or CO ₂ . Caution should be taken not to use CO ₂ directly on the battery cell as the thermal shock may cause cracking of the battery case and release of battery electrolyte.			
SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: Ventilate the area well. SCBA and acid protective clothing are recommended.			

SECTION VI: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES	
STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:	
Neutralize any spilled electrolyte with soda ash or sodium bicarbonate until fizzing stops. When the reaction stops the pH should be neutral at 6-8. When neutralized, the spill is non-hazardous. Keep untrained individuals away from the spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation, hydrogen gas may be given off during neutralization.	
CONTAINMENT: Contain large spills with earth or clay dikes.	

SECTION VII: HANDLING AND STORAGE	
HANDLING AND STORAGE PRECAUTIONS:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Add water to acid after neutralization to avoid excessive heat generation. • Store in cool, dry area away from reactives and combustibles. • Do not store in sealed, unventilated areas. • Provide secondary containment if large volumes are stored. 	

SECTION VIII: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION		
ENGINEERING CONTROLS: General room ventilation is sufficient during normal use and handling. Do not install these batteries in a sealed, unventilated area.		
PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT(IN THE EVENT OF BATTERY BREAKAGE):		
Respiratory Protection = NIOSH approved acid mist respirator, if OSHA PEL is exceeded.	Protective Gloves = rubber or neoprene	Eye Protection = chemical goggles or safety glasses with sideshields and a full-face shield.
Other Protective Equipment = acid resistant apron or clothes.		
WORK PRACTICES: Maintain eyewash and drench shower in area.		

SECTION IX: PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES OF LIQUID ELECTROLYTE	
BOILING POINT: 235F	SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 1.384+/- .010
MELTING POINT: N/A	VAPOR PRESSURE: 145.8/mm
VAPOR DENSITY: (Air=1): >1	EVAPORATION RATE: (Water = 1): <1
SOLUBILITY IN WATER: 100%	APPEARANCE/ODOR: Clear, colorless, liquid/Acidic smell

SECTION X: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY: This is a stable material.

INCOMPATIBILITY(MATERIALS TO AVOID): Metals and combustibles

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION OR BYPRODUCTS: Hydrogen gas, Sulfur Trioxide may be generated during battery overcharge conditions, in fire and at high temperatures. In fire may emit CO, CO₂ and Sulfides.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION WILL NOT OCCUR.

SECTION XI: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

LC50 INFORMATION:	Length of Exposure: Inhalation	Dose: 510 mg/m³	Test Animal: Rat
LD 50 INFORMATION	Administrative Route: Oral	Dose: 2140 mg/kg	Test Animal: Rat
LDLo INFORMATION	Administrative Route: Unreported	Dose: 135 mg/kg	Test Animal: Man

EFFECT ON EYES / SKIN: Corrosive

CARCINOGENICITY: The International Agency for Research on Cancer(IARC) has classified " strong inorganic acid mist containing Sulfuric Acid" as a category 1 carcinogen, a substance that is carcinogenic to humans. This classification does not apply to liquid forms of Sulfuric Acid or Sulfuric Acid solutions contained within a battery. Inorganic acid mist (Sulfuric Acid mist) is not generated under normal use of this product. Misuse of the product, such as overcharging, may however result in the generation of Sulfuric Acid mist at higher levels.

SECTION XII: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Sulfuric Acid can pose a threat if released to the environment. See waste disposal method in Section XIII.

SECTION XIII: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD: This battery electrolyte is a hazardous waste by the characteristic of corrosivity. Unused acid, when neutralized to a pH of between 6 and 8 is no longer hazardous. Follow proper disposal methods as allowed by your local ordinances and site permits. Acid contained in scrap batteries will be recycled and beneficially reused if the battery is handled through the C&D lead-recycling program. Contact your C&D sales representative for more information.

RCRA WASTE DISPOSAL NO.: D002

SECTION XIV: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

FOR DOMESTIC, CANADIAN AND EXPORT SHIPMENTS:

UN OR NA IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: UN2796

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Battery Fluid, Acid

LABEL: Corrosive	PACKING GROUP:II	HAZARD CLASS: 8
------------------	------------------	-----------------

EMERGENCY RESPONSE GUIDE: 39

SECTION XV: REGULATORY INFORMATION

See 29 CFR 1910.268(b)(2)

SECTION XVI: OTHER INFORMATION

The information herein is given in good faith, but no warranty, expressed or implied, is made.

MSDS Preparation / Review Date: 10/01/2007 Revision Number: 5 Prepared by: W. Kozlowski